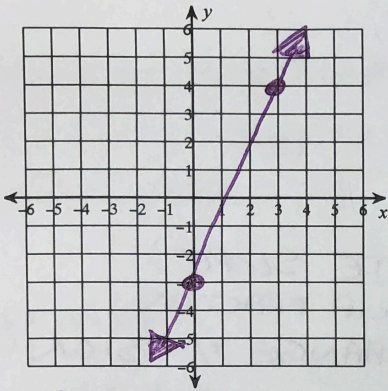


Review for Final Exam Assignment #3

Sketch the graph of each line.

*GET y BY ITSELF

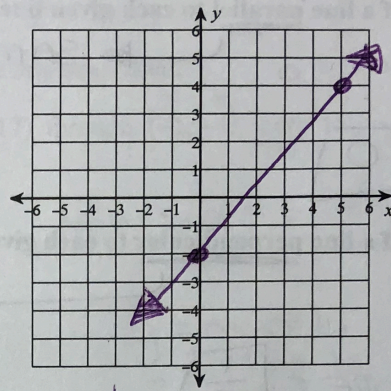
1) $7x + 3y = 9$



$$\begin{aligned}
 7x + 3y &= 9 \\
 -7x & \quad -7x \\
 -3y &= 9 - 7x \\
 \div -3 & \quad \div -3 \quad \div -3 \\
 y &= -3 + \frac{7}{3}x
 \end{aligned}$$

SLOPE = $\frac{7}{3}$
 y-INT = -3

2) $6x + 5y = 10$

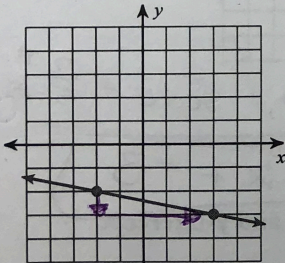


$$\begin{aligned}
 6x + 5y &= 10 \\
 -6x & \quad -6x \\
 5y &= 10 - 6x \\
 \div 5 & \quad \div 5 \quad \div 5 \\
 y &= -2 + \frac{6}{5}x
 \end{aligned}$$

y-INT = -2 SLOPE = $\frac{6}{5}$

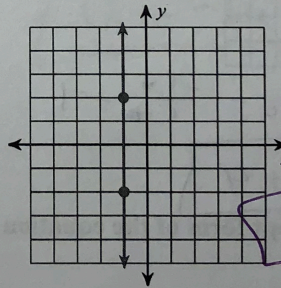
Find the slope of each line.

3)



$-\frac{1}{5}$

4)



UNDEFINED

Find the slope of the line through each pair of points.

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

5) (7, 8), (-11, -14)
 x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2

$$\frac{-14 - 8}{-11 - 7} = \frac{-22}{-18} = \frac{22}{18} = \frac{11}{9}$$

6) (0, -12), (14, -5)
 x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2

$$\frac{-5 - (-12)}{14 - 0} = \frac{-5 + 12}{14} = \frac{7}{14} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Find the slope of each line.

7) $y = -\frac{5}{2}x - 5$

$\boxed{-\frac{5}{2}}$

8) $y = \frac{1}{5}x + 2$

$\boxed{\frac{1}{5}}$

Find the slope of a line parallel to each given line.

9) $y = 5 \Rightarrow \text{slope} = 0$

SAME SLOPE!

$\boxed{0}$

Find the slope of a line perpendicular to each given line.

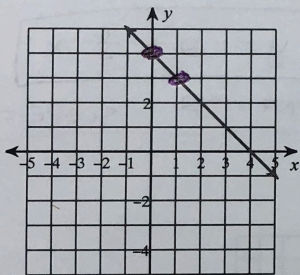
10) $y = -2x + 5$

NEW SLOPE = $\boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$

OPPOSITE SLOPE!
 ① FLIP FRACTION
 ② CHANGE +/- SIGN

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of each line.

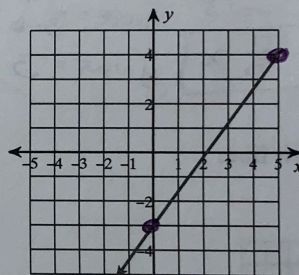
11)



y-INT = 4, SLOPE = $-\frac{1}{1} = -1$

$\boxed{y = -1x + 4}$

12)



y-INT = -3, SLOPE = $\frac{7}{5}$

$\boxed{y = \frac{7}{5}x - 3}$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of each line given the slope and y-intercept.

13) Slope = $-\frac{7}{5}$, y-intercept = -3

$\boxed{y = -\frac{7}{5}x - 3}$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through the given point with the given slope.

14) through: (1, 0), slope = -1

$y = mx + b$

$y = -1x + b$

$0 = -1(1) + b$

$0 = -1 + b$

$1 = b$

$\boxed{y = -1x + 1}$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through the given points.

15) through: $(1, 1)$ and $(0, 5)$

$$\text{SLOPE} = \frac{5-1}{0-1} = \frac{4}{-1} = -4$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= mx + b \\ y &= -4x + b \\ 5 &= -4(0) + b \\ 5 &= 0 + b \\ 5 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -4x + 5$$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line described.

16) through: $(-1, 4)$, parallel to $y = -x - 2$

$$\text{NEW SLOPE} = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= mx + b \\ y &= -1x + b \\ 4 &= -1(-1) + b \\ 4 &= 1 + b \\ 3 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -1x + 3$$

17) through: $(-1, -4)$, perp. to $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 2$

$$\text{NEW SLOPE} = -\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = -2$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= mx + b \\ y &= -2x + b \\ -4 &= -2(-1) + b \\ -4 &= 2 + b \\ -6 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -2x - 6$$