

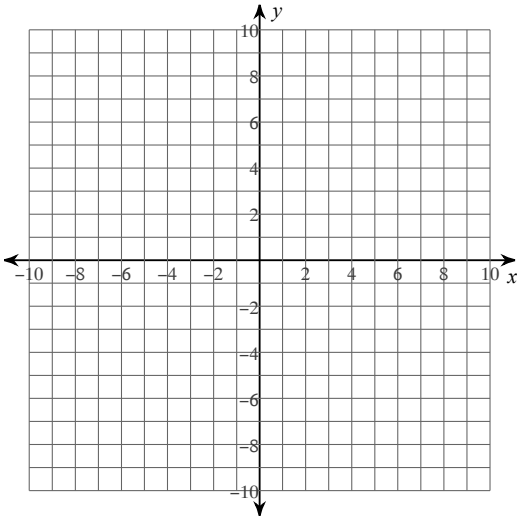
Graphing Linear Equations #2

For each equation, find its slope and give its directions. Then find the y-intercept and graph the line.

1) $y = -\frac{1}{5}x + 5$

slope (with directions):

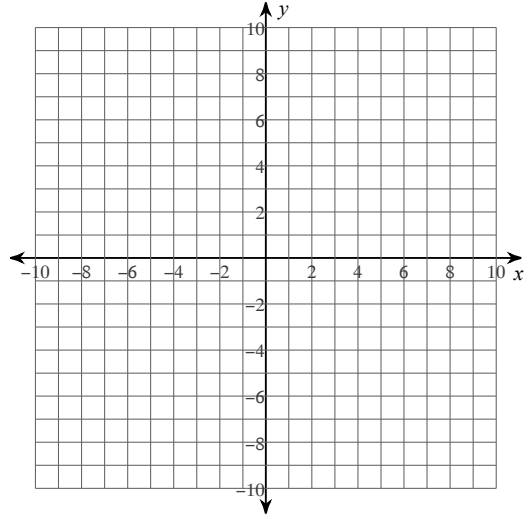
y-intercept:



2) $y = 7x - 3$

slope (with directions):

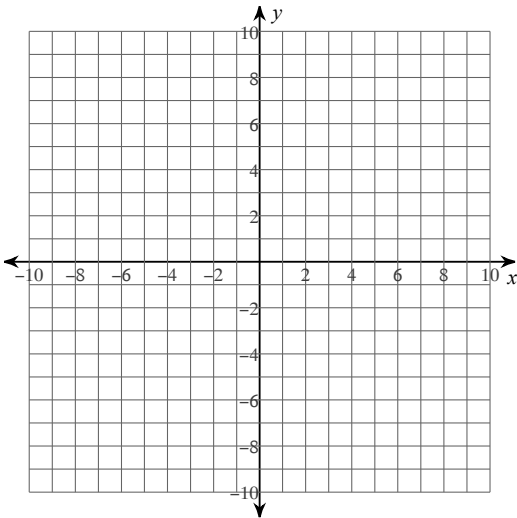
y-intercept:



3) $y = 2x - 1$

slope (with directions):

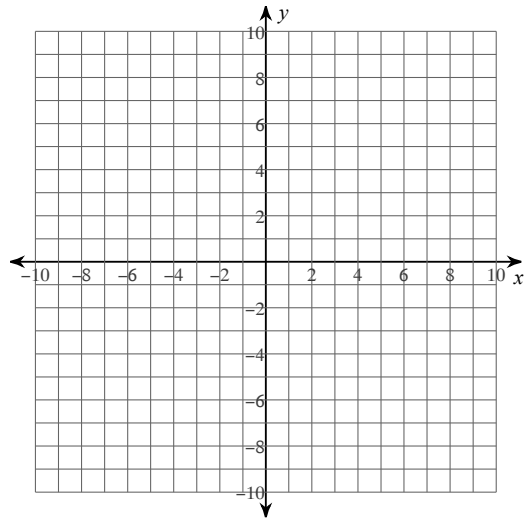
y-intercept:



4) $y = -2x - 5$

slope (with directions):

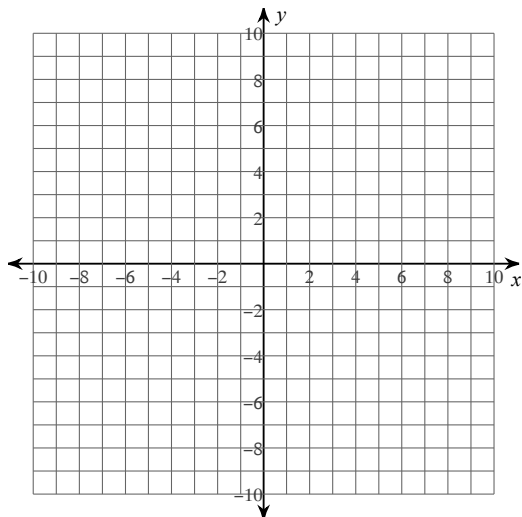
y-intercept:



$$5) y = \frac{1}{4}x + 3$$

slope (with directions):

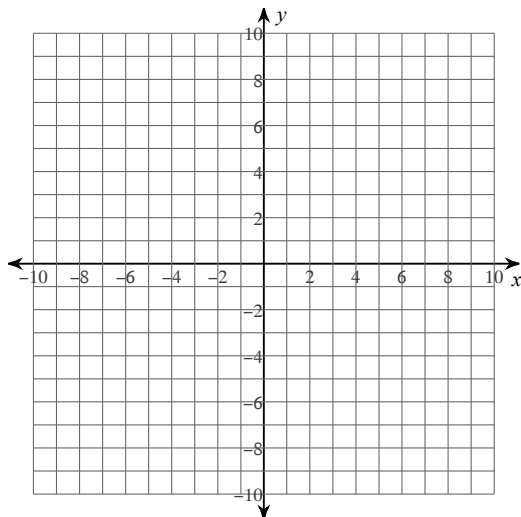
y-intercept:



$$6) y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

slope (with directions):

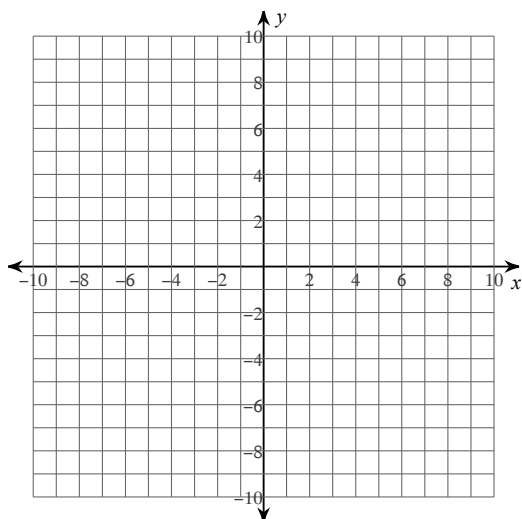
y-intercept:



$$7) y = \frac{7}{3}x - 4$$

slope (with directions):

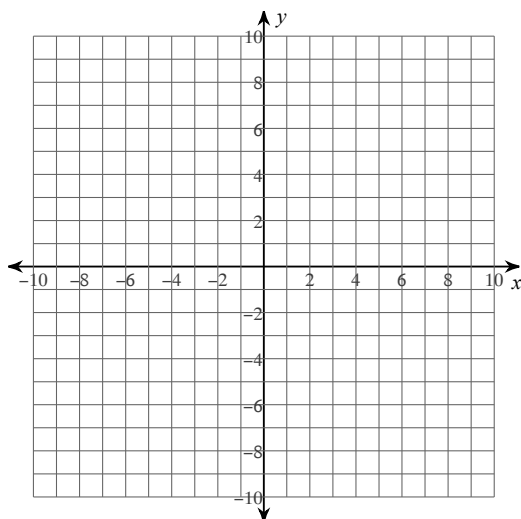
y-intercept:



$$8) y = -\frac{1}{5}x + 2$$

slope (with directions):

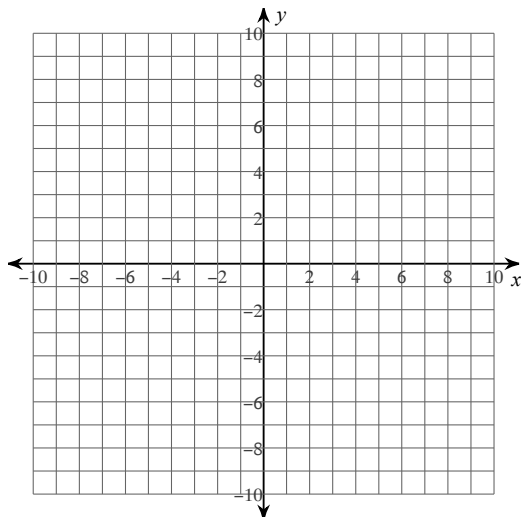
y-intercept:



9) $y = \frac{4}{3}x$

slope (with directions):

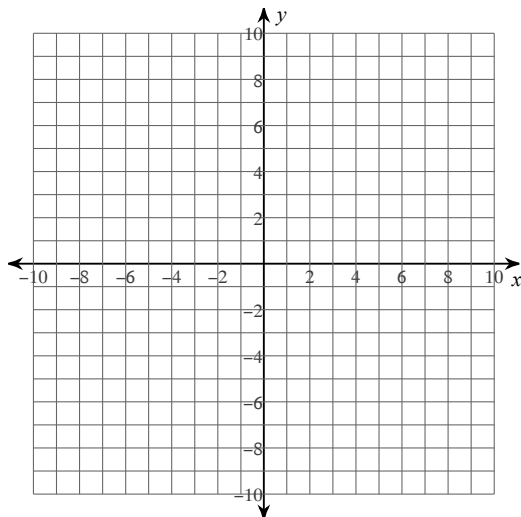
y-intercept:



10) $y = -\frac{3}{5}x - 3$

slope (with directions):

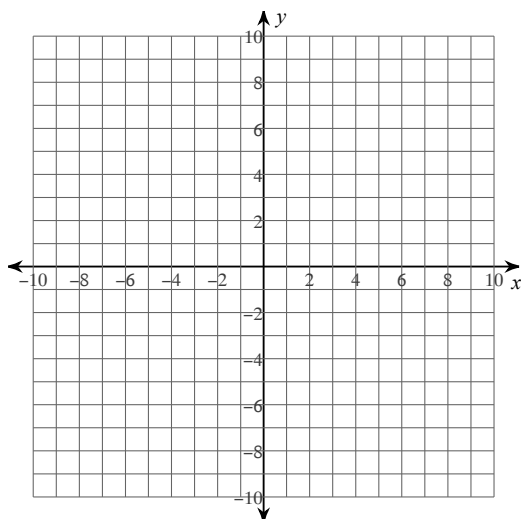
y-intercept:



11) $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 5$

slope (with directions):

y-intercept:



12) $y = 9x - 3$

slope (with directions):

y-intercept:

